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### Dielectric Study of the Pressure Effect on the Cubic-Tetragonal Phase Transition in $\text{KMnF}_3$

KAZUO GESI and KUNIO OZAWA

Japan Atomic Energy Research Institute,  
Tokai-mura, Ibaraki 319-11

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At about 186 K,  $\text{KMnF}_3$  undergoes a structural phase transition; the room temperature structure of cubic perovskite type (space group:  $O_h^1$ ) transforms to a tetragonal structure (space group:  $D_{4h}^{18}$ ).<sup>1)</sup> The phase transition is caused by an instability of a soft zone boundary phonon of  $\Gamma_{25}$  mode at R-point of the reciprocal space.<sup>2)</sup> The mechanism of phase transition is therefore similar to that of 110 K transition in  $\text{SrTiO}_3$ .<sup>3)</sup> Neutron diffraction study by Shirane *et al.*<sup>4)</sup> showed that the 186 K transition in  $\text{KMnF}_3$  is of the first order though it is very close to the second order one. Recently, one of the present authors (KG) found that there was a slight discontinuity of about 0.1% in the low frequency dielectric constant accompanying the 186 K transition in  $\text{KMnF}_3$ .<sup>5)</sup> Then, the effect of hydrostatic pressure on the 186 K transition can be rather easily studied by dielectric constant measurements.

A (100) plate of which dimension was  $0.25 \text{ cm}^2 \times 0.35 \text{ mm}$  was cut out of a single crystal block. After attached silver paste as the electrodes, the specimen was set in a Cu-Be high pressure bomb which had seven electrical terminal plugs. The pressure transmitting fluid used was 50-50 mixture of iso- and n-pentane. At a constant pressure, the dielectric constant was measured with a three terminal capacitance bridge as a function of temperature with an applied field of 25  $\text{V}_{\text{rms}}$  at 1 kHz. Temperature was controlled with a liquid nitrogen bath, and measured with a copper-constantan thermocouple set closely around the specimen. Pressure was measured with a man-ganin gauge.

Figure 1 shows the temperature dependence of the

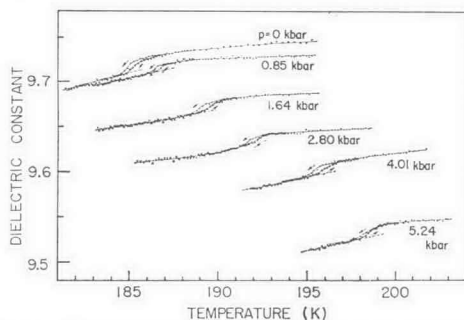


Fig. 1. Temperature dependence of the dielectric constant of (100) plate of  $\text{KMnF}_3$  at various hydrostatic pressures. Frequency: 1 kHz.

●: on cooling, ×: on heating.

dielectric constant at different pressures. At the cubic-tetragonal phase transition point  $T_c$ , a discontinuous change and a slight thermal hysteresis in each dielectric constant vs temperature curve are clearly seen. The transition temperature increases with

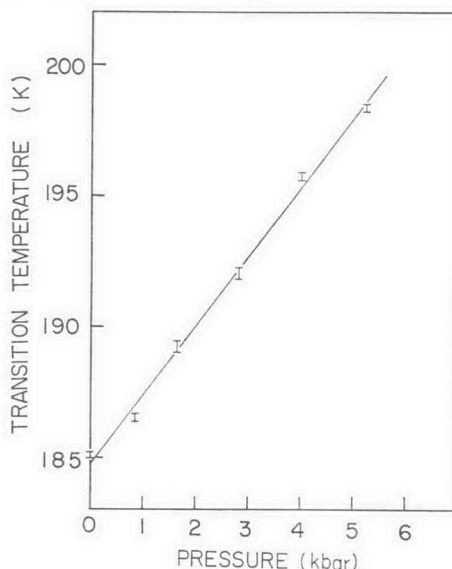


Fig. 2. Pressure dependence of the cubic-tetragonal phase transition temperature of  $\text{KMnF}_3$  obtained from the dielectric constant measurements. The vertical bars indicate the thermal hysteresis during cooling and heating runs.

increasing hydrostatic pressure. Figure 2 shows the pressure dependence of the transition temperature. In the figure, the vertical bars represent the thermal hysteresis. Up to about 6 kbar, the  $T_c$  vs  $p$  relation is linear with a slope of  $dT_c/dp = 2.63 \pm 0.09 \text{ K kbar}^{-1}$ . The value is slightly smaller than that of  $3.5 \text{ K kbar}^{-1}$  obtained by Okai and Yoshimoto<sup>6)</sup> from a sound velocity measurement, but it is in good agreement with a thermodynamical expectation of  $2.9 \text{ K kbar}^{-1}$ .<sup>7)</sup>

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